

# Edinburghian Mercury

No. 12,145.

EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, THURSDAY, JULY 25, 1799.

PRICE SIXPENCE.

## Theatre-Royal.

Left Night but Two of Mrs Siddons' Performing.

This Evening, THURSDAY, July 25, will be acted,

THE TRAGEDY OF

**MACBETH, KING OF SCOTLAND.**

Macbeth, Mr SIDMONS.

Macduff, Mr WOODS.

And Lady Macbeth, by

**MRS SIDMONS.**

To which will be added, a FARCE, called,

**CATHERINE AND PETRUCHIO.**

Petruchio, Mr WOODS.

Catherine, Miss KEMBLE.

Left Night but one of Mrs Siddons' Performing.

MR SIDMONS respectfully informs the Public, that his

Mother has kindly consented to perform an EXTRA NIGHT

for his BENEFIT.

Therefore,

On Friday Evening, July 26, will be acted,

THE TRAGEDY OF

**THE DISTRESS MOTHER.**

Pyrrhus, Mr WOODS.

Orestes, Mr SIDMONS.

And the part of Hermione by

**MRS SIDMONS.**

To which will be added,

**A FARCE.**

As will be expressed in the Bills.

Tickets to be had, and places for the boxes to be taken, at

the Box-office of the Theatre—And of Mr SIDMONS, Cal-

ton Hill.

And on SATURDAY, July 27,

FOR THE BENEFIT OF MRS SIDMONS,

Left Night but her performing here this Season,

will be acted, a New Tragedy, never performed here, called,

**THE CASTLE OF MONTVAL.**

As repeatedly performed at the Theatre Royal, Drury Lane,

with great applause.

Old Count, Mr WOODS.

Young Count, Mr BEW.

Marquis, Mr SMITH.

La Pont, Mr SIDMONS.

Lady Matilda, Miss KEMBLE.

And the Countess, by

**MRS SIDMONS.**

To which will be added a Musical Farce, called

**THE VIRGIN UNMASKED.**

Miss Lucy, Mrs KEMBLE.

TO HIGHLAND PIPERS.

THE ANNUAL COMPETITION for prizes to be given

by the HIGHLAND SOCIETY OF LONDON, to the three

best Performers on the GREAT HIGHLAND BAG PIPE, is

to be held here on Tuesday the 6th August next, being

the second day of the ensuing Races, in presence of a Committee

of Judges and Directors appointed by the HIGHLAND SOCIETY

of Scotland.

Competitors must be at Edinburgh on or before Friday the

4th of August, in order to a previous rehearsal of the Music;

and upon their arrival, they must give in their names to the

Music Secretary, that Plans of the Music, and Lists of the

Competitors may be printed previous to the performance.

Premiums will also be given to the best Dancers of Highland

Dance.

N.B. All Competitors for the premiums of Music and Dancing

must be properly equipped in the Highland Garb.

Edin. July 20, 1799. LEWIS GORDON, Dep. Sec.

**GULLAN RACES.**

On Tuesday the 30th July, TEN POUNDS Sterling, for

horses (that never won above five pounds) carrying the

following weights, 4 years old, 7 stone 7 lb. 5 years old, 8

stone 7 lb. 6 years old, 9 stone 2 lb. and aged horses, 9 stone

7 lb. The best of three mile heats.

On the same day, a Purse to be run for by horses rode by

gentlemen, carrying the following weights; 4 years old, 10

stone 4 lb. 5 years old, 11 stone 4 lb. 6 years old, 12 stone,

and aged horses, 12 stone 4 lb. the best of three mile

heats.

On the same day, Ten Pounds Sterling for horses that never

won above five pounds, carrying the following weights, four

years old, 7 st. 10 lb. five years old, 8 st. 10 lb. six years old,

9 st. 10 lb. and aged horses, 9 st. 10 lb. The best of three mile

heats.

Proper certificates and qualifications to be produced to the

judges if required, by whom all disputes are to be determined.

Horses and bridle included in the weights. No allowance

for wearing. The horses to start for the first race at 10

o'clock, and for the second within half an hour after the

first has been determined, and for the third in the same

proportion.

The horses to enter at Adam Brown's house in Gullian, be-

tween nine and ten o'clock in the morning of the day of run-

ning—to pay five shillings entrance each. No less than three

horses to start for each prize, or no race, unless by consent of the

Stewards.

There will be a Ball and Supper at Haddington in the even-

ing.

Stewards } Hon. Col. W. A. HARBORD.

                  } Sir JAMES BAIRD, Bart.

                  } Captain HOLMES.

**EAST LOTHIAN MILITIA.**

By Order of the Most Noble the MARQUIS of TWEEDALE,

Lord Lieutenant of this County,

IN Obedience to an act passed in the present Session of Par-

liament, intituled, "An Act to amend an act made in the

18th year of his present Majesty, and two acts made in the last

Session of Parliament, for raising a militia force in that part

of the Kingdom of Great Britain called Scotland,"—The

Lord Lieutenant hereby summons a meeting of the Deputy-

Lieutenants of the County, to be held within the Town-house

of Haddington, upon Thursday the first day of August next,

at 12 o'clock noon, for carrying the act into execution.

JOHN CRAW, Clerk.

**FIFESHIRE MILITIA.**

THE Lord Lieutenant of the county of Fife has appointed

a meeting of the Deputy-Lieutenants of said shire to be

held within the county-room at Cupar, on Thursday the first

day of August next, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of

carrying into effect the several acts of Parliament for raising

and embodying a militia force in Scotland, and particularly the

act passed last Session of Parliament for amending the former

militia acts; and which meeting the said Deputies are hereby

requested to attend.

Given at Craufurd Lodge, the 19th July, 1799.

CRAUFURD, Lieut.

**FIFESHIRE INCOME ACT.**

THE Commissioners for the ordinary purposes of the ACT,

being desirous to expedite the business with all possible

dispatch, have resolved to sit at their office in Cupar, for that

purpose, on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday

of next week, and they request that such as may have

business to give in the necessary statements for themselves, or

those for whom they are concerned, will lodge the same with-

out delay, to prevent disagreeable consequences.

Attendance will be given by the Clerk at the office every

lawful day (Saturday excepted) from 10 o'clock forenoon till

three o'clock afternoon.

The Commissioners of Appeal for said county will meet at

their office in Cupar, on Thursday the 25th inst. at 12 o'clock

noon, for the purpose of hearing and determining such cases

as may be brought before them.

By order of the said Commissioners,

CUPAR, JULY 19, 1799. THOS. HORSBURGH, Clk.

## INCOME TAX.

CITY AND ROYALTY OF EDINBURGH,

No. 7, South Bridge Street, 23d July 1799.

THE Public are requested to take notice, That by the In-

come Act it is enacted, That any person neglecting to sign

and deliver, or to cause to be delivered to the Assessor, within four-

teen days from the time of the Notice being served, a statement of his

or her Income, and of the Income of such person or persons he or she

shall be in the receipt of as Factor, Guardian, Trustee, or Agent,

shall for every such default or offence, forfeit a sum not exceeding

20l. Sterling, to be recovered upon conviction, by decree of any Jus-

tice of the Peace acting for the district where the offence is committed.

THE COMMISSIONERS for the CITY AND ROYALTY OF

EDINBURGH, having this day received from their Assessor, a

list of a number of persons who have made no return to the

Notice left for them in terms of law, give this public intima-

tion, That if such return is not made within ten days from

this date, they will be under the disagreeable necessity of in-

forcing the execution of the act, by ordering a prosecution for the

penalties, which they are determined to do in the strictest

manner, in every case where the return is not made, or a good

reason assigned for the delay.

By order of the Commissioners,

Not to be repeated. JOHN GRAY, Clerk.

**PERTH-SHIRE MILITIA.**

A MEETING of the Deputy-Lieutenants of the County of

Perth, is to be held in terms of the late Amended Mil-

itia Act, at Perth upon Thursday the first day of August

next, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of carrying the said

late amended act into execution.

Perth, July 23, 1799.

JAMES PATON,

Clerk to the Lieutenancy of Perthshire.

**TO THE FREEHOLDERS OF THE**

**COUNTY OF BANFF.**

THE Sheriff has appointed Friday the 2d day of August

next, at twelve o'clock noon, within the ordinary Sher-

iff Court Room in Banff, for the Election of a Commissioner

to represent the County in Parliament, in the room of Mr

(now Sir William) Grant, who has accepted the Office of Sol-

icitor General of England.

Of which this public intimation is given to all concerned.

Banff, July 19, 1799.

**SALE OF WINES, SPIRITS, AND PORTER,**

**AT STIRLING.**

ON Tuesday the 30th day of July 1799, beginning at ten

o'clock forenoon, there will be sold by public roup, with-

in the Warehouse of the late Provost Henry Jeffrey, in Stir-

ling,

24 doz. Calcevala Wine

1 doz. Madeira

A pipe of Sherry, entire

24 doz. Lisbon Wine

52 doz. Port Do.

2 doz. Claret

14 Hhds. rack'd Porter

1 Hhd. ditto in bottles

2 Hhds. Brown Stout Porter

2 doz. Brown Stout in bottles

13 half Hhds. other Porter

Half a tierce of White Wine

Vinegar

A Cask of Burton Ale

About 100 gallons Double Rum

150 gallons best Old Aqua Vitæ

50 gallons French Brandy

20 gallons other Brandy

22 gallons Dutch Gin

2 cwt. old Yellow Soap

8 cwt. Soft Soap

Commissioners addressed to Thomas Paterson, merchant in

Stirling, will be punctually fulfilled.

**HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,**

By auction, upon Monday the 29th July current, in the house,

No. 2, St. Andrew's Square, Edinburgh, a HOUSE-

HOLD FURNITURE, in general consisting of

Dining-room, Drawing-room, Bed-chamber, and Kitchen articles,

amongst which are several Beautiful Large Mirrors, Beautiful

Tables, several Wilton Carpets, a Bathing Machine, &c.

Sale to begin each day at 11 o'clock.

DALGLEISH & FORREST.

**T E T H.**

MR LAW, DENTIST IN ORDINARY TO HIS

ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES, &c.

TAKES leave most respectfully to acquaint the Nobility,

Gentry, and the Public in general, That he has moved

from his late apartments in Prince's Street, to his house,

No. 4, ROSE COURT, NEW TOWN, EDINBURGH.

The distinguished preference with which he has been hon-

oured, and the very flattering approbation he has hitherto

received, joined to the daily increase of his business, has now

determined him to fix his future residence in the city of Edin-

burgh, where he continues to practise his profession of a

DENTIST, in the most unlimited sense of the word. He places

from a single Tooth, to that of a whole Set. Not merely to

have the semblance of nature, but so as to become useful in

MASTICATION, and the desirable faculty of speech. He also

undertakes from a long experience of practice, to cure every

other disorder incident to the Mouth, &c. and res's his future

success and reputation on the candour of an impartial public,

in the full confidence of hope, that, although almost an entire

stranger in the Capital, modest merit will not go unnoticed

by the liberal discernment of a generous nation.

Entry, East Side of St. ANDREW'S CHURCH

George's Street, or by Thistle Street.

**STAR INN, A.T.R.**

WILLIAM DUNN returns his most grateful thanks to his

numerous Friends in particular, and to the Public in

general, for the many favours he has experienced from them

during the space of fifteen years he has been in business in Ayr,

formerly in the King's Arms Inn, and for these three years

past in the STAR.

W. DUNN observes that a private combination has lately

entered into by certain Innkeepers on the road from Glas-

gow to Portpatrick, who have heightened the rate of POST-

ING; from One Shilling to Fourteen Pence per mile, a scheme

he also refused to go into, about three years ago; a similar plan

is now falling upon to accomplish the same end, which he al-

so has rejected, in order to keep down the rate of Posting to

the common fare of One Shilling per mile.

W. D. therefore conceives it his duty to acquaint those who

are pleased to countenance him with their favour, that he still

continues to hire Post Chaises at the former fare of One Shil-

ling per mile; and engages to forward travellers either to Glas-

gow or Portpatrick at that rate, on the shortest notice.

\* Neat Post Chaises, good horses, and careful drivers may

at all times be depended on, and every attention shown at the

STAR, as usual.

Ayr, July 20, 1799.

**PRESERVATION OF GAME.**

MR J. WILSON, jun. being desirous to preserve the Game

on the Estates of Cleggh, Forth, Haywood, and Han-

daxwood, in the counties of Lanark and Mid-Lothian, gives

notice,



FRANCE.  
COUNCIL OF FIVE HUNDRED.

24 MESSIDOR, JULY 12.  
ESCHASSERAUX, by a motion of order, painted the dangers of the country, and the apathy of public spirit. Shall the enemy, said he, penetrate into our territory, massacre our wives and children, and bring slavery and desolation among us? No! I swear by the exploits of our armies, by the love which the French have for liberty, the Great Nation has not lost its energy. Since still menace us, let us (pursued the orator) imitate the Romans after the battle of Cannæ; let us swear on the altar of our country, to defend our liberty and the Republic till death. This general and solemn oath will make the armies of despois tremble; teach them that the French people are always the same; and that they will be victorious again as on the 10th of August. Yes, France must be nothing but a camp, and the French nothing but soldiers. But if citizens are to arm for the defence of their liberty, the representatives of the people should furnish them with provisions, arms, and every thing necessary.—The orator demanded that the following resolutions should be referred to a special Committee:

The Legislative Body declares the constitution of its allies to be under the protection of the loyalty of the French nation. Every citizen from 16 to 50 is desired to provide himself with a musket.

A particular Administration shall be created, charged to superintend the manufacture of arms.

The exportation of every thing necessary to carry on war is prohibited.

Citizens who are possessed of guns, are to declare the same to the Municipal Administration.

The Council ordered six copies of the speech and resolutions to be printed, and that they should be referred to a Committee composed of seven members.

The President announced, that two important subjects were among the orders of the day, namely, the discussion relative to the loan of one hundred millions, and the report relative to dilapidations.—(The dilapidations! resounded from all parts.)

MONTPELLIER had leave to speak in the name of the Committee on this subject. He began by congratulating the Council upon the measures taken on the 30th Prairial. For a length of time, said he, this most execrable tyranny weighed down the friends of the Republic. The Legislative Body has assumed that attitude which becomes it, and exclamations of surprise have answered the triumph of liberty. Here the reporter made a brief recapitulation of all the denunciations against the Ex-directors and their accomplices, namely, the transportation of Buonaparte with 40,000 men—the profecution of Championnet, the daring violation of the Cisalpine nation—the violation of the French constitution—their attempts at the acquisition of sovereign power—the means of terror employed to influence the elections—the confiscations—the arbitrary imprisonments—the re-organization of the war in La Vendee, encouraged by their inactivity—the massacre of Republicans promoted with impunity. Such were the principal heads of accusation. Each of these charges, said the orator, are not confined to one particular individual—they apply to all of them. Rewbel, Merlin, Lareveillere, Treillard, and Scherer, are pointed out as the chiefs of that extensive conspiracy which has nearly annihilated the Republic.—The time is short, representatives of the people. The public opinion is that the traitors will be punished; that the Directory will impart confidence to the Republicans; that you will finish the grand work of public regeneration, by punishing crimes, and encouraging virtue, and that republicanism, like royalty, will be concentrated in a focus. The Council ordered the printing of the speech, and the formation of a Committee.

PARIS—22 MESSIDOR, July 10.

The Chouans have committed several horrid excesses in the town of Montjeune.

All the gaming houses were shut up yesterday by order of the Police.

A strong cordon of troops extends from Nieuport as far as Escluse, to receive the enemy, if they should attempt a landing in that quarter.

The command of the army of England is entrusted for the present to General Collaud.

Scherer has fled from the order of arrest.

Napper Tandy remains in confinement in Hamburg. Attempts were lately made to bribe the guard, to confine at his escape; but it was discovered, and the soldiers have been arrested.

Private letters from Minden confirm the report, that the King of Prussia has formally refused the passage by the line of demarcation to 4000 cavalry destined for the French army.

23 MESSIDOR, JULY 11.

A considerable number of troops are continually marching from Brussels, Gand, Bruges, and the frontiers of Holland, for Ostend, and that part of the coast of the republic threatened by the English.

General Macdonald is on his way to Paris. He has refused to obey the orders of Moreau, thinking, as a General in Chief, he was not bound by them.—It is said he will be tried.

By a letter from Carthage, dated the 25th of June it appears that our fleet had on the preceding day joined the Spanish fleet in that harbour. The letter states, that the Spanish officers express great satisfaction at the junction; and every thing proves that the fleet has not yet reached its ultimate destination.

The French and Spanish fleets, consisting of 44 ships of the line, sailed from Carthage on the 24th of June and steered for the Straights of Gibraltar. Intelligence is daily expected of their arrival at Cadiz. The destination of the combined squadron is still unknown, but it may be justly imagined that no idea of its object has yet been conceived by the English Ministry, and that its operations will, more than any other circumstance of the war, counteract the projects of Pitt.

Letters from Breit of the 1st instant state, that in addition to the five ships of the line equipped since the fleet sailed, l'Indivisible, of 80 guns, was to be immediately launched, and got ready for sea.

BERNADOTTE, MINISTER AT WAR, TO THE OFFICERS OF ALL RANKS NOW AT PARIS.

The dangers with which our country is threatened requires your presence on the frontiers. The barbarian Monarchs whom you some time ago drove back to the interior of their kingdoms, now threaten your liberty. If you have no further occasion for glory, you have more than ever occasion for liberty, which has been established by so many sacrifices, and you must take arms again to defend that sacred liberty. The officers of all ranks now liable to serve at Paris, shall immediately repair to the departments to command in the auxiliary battalions. Military Republicans! the banner of your enemies is corruption, treachery, despotism; ours is fidelity, courage, liberty. Can victory waver for any length of time?

BERNADOTTE.

NEW POLITICAL SOCIETY.

22 MESSIDOR—JULY 10.

The new political society, organized some days since in the Old Hall of the Five Hundred, in the Thuilleries, is composed of many deputies and other citizens. They have decreed as a principle, that no denunciation shall be read which is not signed by some one who is known. This society, says a journal, does nothing but make a noise, for every evening the neighbourhood resounds with the Marseillois Hymn, which they sing in full chorus. *Journal du Soir.*

We read, in one of our Journals, the following letter, which we publish without any observation:

"The most atrocious and machiavelian plan of treason ever conceived, at this time occupies the attention of a certain number of men, whom public confidence has called to the most eminent stations. The most urgent reasons prevent me from mentioning the names of those infamous wretches, who have not feared to capitulate with tyrants. To avert their daring machinations I trust it is only sufficient to point them out to all France. Inform all the citizens, that it is in vain they have for six years fought to create and consolidate the republic. Certain persons, despairing of its safety, have demanded the mediation of the King of Prussia, in the name of the French Government. The Prussian Cabinet has made the following answer, which has been listened to without indignation, and without surprise: 'The King of Prussia consents to interpose his good offices and his authority to establish in France a constitutional King.' Inform all Frenchmen, that the idea of this culpable mediation is not abandoned; and that it is proposed to renew it the first favourable opportunity. *Journal du Soir.*

BULLETIN OF THE SITTINGS OF THE POLITICAL SOCIETY IN THE RIDING HOUSE.

The sittings of last night were remarkable for the crowd of spectators. There were about two or three hundred members, to whom were added four or five hundred spectators, whose persons have been remarked in the sections of Paris. At half past seven the tree of liberty was planted, amidst loud acclamations. It was surmounted with a cap of three colours, but that which was placed superior was the *bonnet rouge*. After a speech from Santhouax on the reception of members, Deltran sang a song which he had made on the planting of the tree of liberty. A deputation of the grenadiers of the guard of the legislative body received the fraternal embrace. A member, after a speech in favour of liberty, exclaimed, "Live free or die;" and moved, "that to 'Liberty, Equality,' &c. be added another inscription, 'or Death.'"

Leclerc, des Vorges, the young author of the "Rufian in Paris," pronounced an eulogium on the National Convention, and invited all his brethren to march in concert with the first authorities, and swear to remain faithful to the constitution of the third year, (a general silence); then immediately retracing the dangers of the country, the measures to be taken, the institutions to be made, and the culprits to be tried, in order to complete the revolution of the 30th Prairial, May 11, he called to the scaffold, Scherer, Rewbel, Merlin, Revellere, Treillard, Rapinat, Legarde, Faypout, Trouve, Talleyrand Perigord, &c. &c. (Universal applause, and prolonged a great while.) Twenty-seven very strong and revolutionary resolutions were then agreed to, after a very short discussion, on which the editor makes the following observations:

feel it our duty to call the attention of citizens to a plan the forms of which are so revolutionary, and the consequences so beneficial. How shall the legislative body, which should secure to every one both life and property, place a numerous class of individuals at the mercy of a few? The 18th Fructidor erected a Directorial despotism. The 30th Prairial ought to save the country.—All the French have applauded it, yet two days have only passed—and behold, O legislators! how the symptoms of another tyranny announce themselves amongst you. You owe us union and happiness, yet bring us nothing but discord and death. Would you make the French regret the yoke which they have broken?—Look in their faces, penetrate into their hearts, and you will read, "Return instantly under the directorial rod, rather than under revolutionary hatchets."

25 MESSIDOR—JULY 13.

The public tranquillity was yesterday disturbed in Paris. The sittings of the society in the Riding-house had been opened, the citizens were assembled round the tree of liberty, placed in the middle of the hall, and sung patriotic airs, such as the Marseillois Hymn, &c. when several other citizens assembled in the Thuilleries and on the terrace of the Feuillans, crying, "Down with the Jacobins," and singing, "Le Reveil du Peuple." Both sides were warned, and the cries redoubled. Provocation passed to deeds, and it is said some stones were thrown into the hall of the assembly in the Riding-house, from whence issued a number of members, who attacked with sticks those on the Feuillans. They resisted, several were wounded, but the cries redoubled. Provocation passed to deeds, and it is said some stones were thrown into the hall of the assembly in the Riding-house, from whence issued a number of members, who attacked with sticks those on the Feuillans. They resisted, several were wounded, but the cries redoubled.

Yesterday, about 10 o'clock at night, a crowd of young people sallied forth from the Tennis Court to the Palais Royal, and thence to the Thuilleries, filling the avenues of the Hall of the Convention, where the new society was assembled; soon they assailed them with stones, raising cries of "Down with the Anarchists, down with the Jacobins;" some had the indifference to cry, "Down with the Republic, long live Conde, long live Artois;" but in this their accomplices checked them. The guard came and attacked them with so much vigour, that in a moment they silenced them, making them lower their voices and arms; they took to their heels, fourteen were arrested, two pinnards were found on one of them. The *Journal des Hommes Libres* imputes this royalist disturbance, as it calls it, to Talleyrand.

NICE—JUNE 30.

Gen. Brenier left this place in the morning with 10,000 men, to relieve Gen. Mefier at Coni.

CARLSKRONA—SWEDEN—JUNE 24.

The activity which pervades our port and arsenal, the daily arrival of troops, the preparations made for their embarkation, leave no doubt that the Swedish Government may not be prepared to take an active part in the present war. As yet we know not what may be the object of these preparations, nor the moment in which they may be put into execution; but it is expected that the instant the King arrives, and he is expected here immediately, the troops will embark without delay.

LONDON GAZETTE—July 20.

DOWNING-STREET—July 20. 1799.

DISPATCHES, of which the following are copy and extra, have been received from Lieutenant Colonel Robert Craufurd by the Right Honourable Lord Grenville, his Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Foreign Department.

MY LORD,

I HAVE the honour to inform your Lordship, that on the 3d instant, a considerable corps of the right wing of General Maffena's army under the command of the General of Division Le Courbe, attacked General Yellachitz's position in the Canton of Schweiz, on the whole extent of his front, from the Sill to Schweiz and Brunnen.

The affair lasted the greater part of the day; and although the French at first gained some ground, they were afterwards completely repulsed; and General Yellachitz's corps re-occupied all its former posts, except Brunnen, of which the enemy retained possession on the evening of the 3d, but from whence he was also repulsed the next morning.

Major General Yellachitz bestows great praise on the conduct of the contingent troops of the Cantons of Glavis and Schweiz.

I have the honour to be, &c.

ROBT. CRAUFURD.

Extract of a Letter from Lieutenant Colonel Craufurd to Lord Grenville, dated Zurich, 7th July 1799.

I HAVE much satisfaction in being able to inform your Lordship, that in consequence of the total defeat of General Macdonald's army, and the retreat of Moreau, General Haddick's corps, the destination of which has been so frequently changed, is now decidedly on the point of entering the Valais.

WHITEHALL—July 18. 1799.

The King has been pleased to grant unto the Right Honourable Sir John Scott, Knight, late his Majesty's Attorney-General, and to the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, the dignity of a Baron of the kingdom of Great Britain, by the name, style, and title of Baron Eldon, of Eldon, in the county Palatine of Durham.

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE—July 20. 1799.

Extract of a Letter from Admiral Lord Duncan, Commander in Chief of his Majesty's ships and vessels in the North Sea, to EVAN NEPEAN, Esq. dated off the Texel, July 17. 1799.

I TRANSMIT, for their Lordships information, another letter from Captain Winthrop, of his Majesty's ship Circe; much praise is due to him and the officers under his command, for their spirit, enterprise, and good conduct, on this as well as on a former occasion.

MY LORD,

I FEEL great pleasure in acquainting your Lordship, that the boats of our little squadron made another dash into the Watt, at the back of Ameland last night, and brought out three valuable vessels deeply laden with sugar, wine, and brandy; they also burnt a large galliot, laden with brass ordnance and stores, which could not be brought off, notwithstanding the perseverance of Captain Mackenzie, to whom I am very much indebted for his coolness and judgment in the management of this affair; and also to Captain Boorder, whose local knowledge has been of great use to me. Lieutenant Searle, who commanded a schoot converted into a gun-boat, and Lieutenant Pawle, who commanded the Circe's boats, upon this as well as upon a former occasion, conducted themselves very much to my satisfaction, as did the honest fellows under their command, who were at their posts 15 or 16 hours in a very hot day, exposed to an enemy of superior force; but I am happy to say not a man was hurt.

I have the honour to be, &c.

R. WINTHROP.

Admiral Lord Viscount Duncan, &c.

† Circe, Pyrates, L'Espeigle, Courier Cutter, and Nancy Cutter.

[This Gazette also contains a letter from Captain Curzon of his Majesty's ship Indefatigable, giving an account of the capture of the French privateer La Venus, of 12 four and nine-pounders, and 101 men.—A letter from Captain Drow, of his Majesty's ship Alceme, informing of his having taken the Courageux French ship, of 28 guns and 253 men.—A letter from Captain Wood of the sloop Hound, informing of the capture of L'Hirondelle, French privateer, of 5 guns and 27 men.—And a letter from Captain Wollaston of the sloop Cruiser, informing of the capture of the French privateer Courageux, of 14 guns and 47 men; and the recapture of one her prizes.]

JULY 20.

The Hamburg mail due on Wednesday, arrived last night. There are a few articles from the Petersburg Gazette and Constantinople, which countenance the report of Buonaparte having been repeatedly repulsed before St Jean d'Acre, but his loss in Generals and officers is considerably reduced, as General Kleber is the only one who is even supposed to have fallen; these accounts, however, it is to be observed, are of a date much earlier than those which have lately been received from Sir Sidney Smith.

An article from Roveredo, inserted in the English Hamburg paper, mentions some circumstances favourable to the views of the allies, and, among others, that Capua has been taken by storm, and the whole garrison murdered. We suppose the translator from the German for the English print meant, put to the sword.—*Star.*

According to private advices received at Verona, Suwarrow and Moreau have had an engagement, in which the latter was defeated. Neither the date nor any other particulars are given that can enable us to appreciate the degree of credit to which this statement may be entitled.

Yesterday Captain Thomas Graves, of the Venus frigate, arrived at the Admiralty with dispatches from Earl St Vincent, which are said to contain the official account of the junction of the French and Spanish fleets in the Mediterranean.

We yesterday received a letter from Bombay, stating, that hostilities have actually commenced between the British Government and Tippoo Saib. The following is an extract, dated

BOMBAY—MARCH 1.

War was declared against Tippoo Saib on the 3d of last month, at Madras. Our armies are already marching towards Seringapatam, which place, with Mangalore, and all the Beduete country, will, I hope, be in our possession in two months at farthest.—*Morning Herald.*

YARMOUTH—July 19.

Wednesday P. M. arrived the Monarch of 74 guns, Admiral Dickson, from off the Texel, to refit. Thursday arrived the Nile brig, of 16 guns, with a fleet of merchantmen from the Baltic.

LEEWARD ISLANDS.

This morning arrived a mail from the Leeward Islands, brought to Falmouth by the Westmoreland Packet, Captain Rogers, in 30 days from Tortola.

His Majesty's ship Arab, with a convoy from Ireland, arrived at Barbadoes on the 25th of June last. The Governor of Barbadoes informed Captain Rogers, that there were two stout privateers which had been cruising for some time to windward of that island; he in all probability avoided falling into their hands.

On the 29th of May last, his Majesty's ships the Prince of Wales, Admiral Harvey; Amphitrite, Britannia, Galatea, Southampton, and Invincible, were lying at Fort Royal, Martinique.

His Majesty's ship Hydra, Sir John Laforey, conveyed the Westmoreland Packet from Dominica to Antigua, where she found the Matilda frigate, Captain Mitford.

On the 9th of June, three vessels, under convoy of the Concord frigate, Captain Barton, arrived at Nevis, and came to an anchor, being the fifth part of the London fleet.

The Southampton frigate, Captain Harvey, was at Tortola on the 14th of June, and failed in company with the Westmoreland until the 19th, when they parted.

LONDON—JULY 22.

It is said the Prince of Wales wished to accompany the expedition to Holland, but the law renders his departure from the country inadmissible. It is confidently reported, however, that the Duke of York and Duke of Cumberland will accompany it. The Earl of Moira is to hold a distinguished command.

A letter from Constantinople, dated June 11, confirms the accounts of the defeat of Buonaparte on the 11th instant of that place, and add, that Sir Sydney Smith, having warped Le Tigre and the other ships close to the shore, and placed them with springs upon their cables in such a situation as to be enabled to fire grape as well as round into the enemy's works, entered with Ghezzar Pacha on the disposition to be made in attacking them, and, accompanied by Captain Miller of the Thebes, led the British and Turkish forces into the lines of Buonaparte, who, after a gallant resistance, was driven from his works, with the loss of almost every thing he possessed, together with 80 officers and 4000 men killed in the action and retreat, the Turks giving no quarter.

The particulars of our loss are not ascertained, but we fear it includes the gallant Major Frederic Perrin, of the Turkish artillery, who is said to have fallen in the enemy's trenches; together with two midshipmen of Le Tigre. The conduct of the British, particularly Sir Sydney Smith and Captain Miller, is spoken of by our allies in terms of the highest admiration.—The deplorable state to which the French are reduced, in consequence of Sir Sydney's having captured their flotilla, may be conceived from the circumstance of their being obliged to fire stones at Le Tigre, &c. during the action, which, however, did our ships but inconsiderable damage. We are happy to state, that Lieutenant J. W. Wright, of Le Tigre, who so highly distinguished himself, and who had received two mortal wounds through the upper part of the arm, it is a fair way of recovery.

Our letters represent Buonaparte in a state of irrecoverable distress; reduced to a skeleton army, deprived of ammunition, provisions, and stores, and deserted by all the native troops, who, induced by his promises, or terrified by his threats to join his standard in the hour of his prosperity, solicited, and obtained forgiveness from the Turks on his reverse of fortune. Our correspondent adds a report prevalent at Constantinople, that Buonaparte, finding it impossible to extricate himself, and apprehending the threatened fury of Ghezzar, had, with the remains of his army, surrendered to Sir Sydney Smith.

We this morning received a packet of New York papers to the 28th of May. One of these (of the 25th) mention the arrival there of the Mary Ann letter of marque, of 16 guns and 52 men, with a French brig of like force and 117 men, called the Courageux, which she had captured after a severe action of an hour and a half, in which the Frenchman lost 17 men.—With the exception of the Lieutenant, who is an American, the crew of the Courageux was wholly composed of blacks. She was from Guadaloupe, and loaded with fire arms, &c. is supposed to have been consigned to a partizan of the French Government in Georgia.

A letter from the Cape of Good Hope, dated 5th April, states, the planters in the interior, 600 miles from the Cape, to have resisted the civil authority, and to be in a state of insurrection. Two flank companies of the 81st regiment, and two of the 95th, had, in consequence, been sent by sea to within 150 miles of the place, and a detachment of the 8th light dragoons have proceeded by land; the whole under the orders of Brig-Gen. Vandeleur. These persons, during the Dutch Government, were frequently troublesome, thinking that from their great distance, no troops could be sent against them. Provisions of all descriptions were particularly dear at the Cape.

A mail from the Leeward Islands, brought to Falmouth by the Westmoreland packet, in 30 days from Tortola, arrived yesterday. It brings no particular news. The Arab, with a convoy from Ireland, arrived at Barbadoes on the 25th of June.

La Legere, of 24 guns, has captured a French brig called L'Eclair, mounting 16 guns, and having a valuable cargo of dry goods on board; and the Trent, of 36 guns, has likewise sent into Jamaica a Spanish brig of ten four-pounders, from Porto Rico, with coffee for Spain, and a French privateer, of twelve guns and 120 men.

The Tobago, Melville, from the South Seas, is arrived in the river. She failed from St Helena on the 22d of May, in company with seventeen sail of ships from the East Indies, and parted them in lat. 8. o. N. on the 16th June.

Ten of the homeward-bound Jamaica convoy parted on the 3d, from mistaking signals—one of them is arrived at Bristol.

The King of Sardinia has declared war against the French Republic.

Lord Thurlow and Mr Sheridan returned yesterday from Woburn, with Lord Holland and Mr Fox.

Lord Eldon, it is reported, is to be made Speaker of the House of Peers, for the purpose of relieving the Lord Chancellor of part of the fatigue his Lordship experiences in his official capacity.



Mr. Hulse, the Surveyor and Superintendent of Mail Coaches, returned to town on Saturday, after establishing the Mail Coach to Falmouth; so that now there is a complete line of daily Mail Coaches, without the least impediment, of 925 miles, and which a person may travel in seven days, having twenty-four hours rest during that time. The Coach, for instance, leaves Falmouth Monday morning at four o'clock, and reaches Inverness on the Monday following at eight o'clock.

The distance is thus calculated—Falmouth to Exeter, 98 miles; Exeter to General Post Office, London, 176; London to Edinburgh, via Berwick and Inverness, 396; Edinburgh to Aberdeen, via Perth and Dundee, 132; Aberdeen to Inverness, 123;—total, 925 miles. Rest one night at Exeter of 7 hours, one day in London of 14, a morning at Edinburgh of 3—total rest, 24 hours. Exclusive of the time allowed for breakfasts, dinners, suppers, and stops to do Post Office duties, and to change horses; so that the time actually spent on the road during the entire distance of 925 miles does not exceed 130 hours.

**ISLE OF WIGHT—July 21.**

Yesterday the Cambrian rangers, from Park-hurst Barracks, embarked in Cowes Road on board the Revenue cutters appointed to receive them, and immediately sailed for the Downs, being declined, it is supposed, to join the encampment forming on Barham Downs.

This morning the volunteers from the North Hants and Isle of Wight militia were embarked for Southampton, in their way to Winchester, to join the different regiments they are appointed to; and such was the zeal, spirit and ardour manifested by the different militia regiments to join the regulars, that double the number volunteered their services that could be accepted under the prescribed regulations.

The 79th regiment have got orders to embark immediately to join Sir Ralph Abercromby's army.

**—DIED—**

At his seat at Kneale, in Kent, early yesterday morning, in the 55th year of his age, the Right Honourable John Frederick Sackville, Duke of Dorset, Earl of Dorset and Middlesex, Baron Buckhurst, in Sussex, and Baron Cranfield, of Cranfield, in the county of Bedford, hereditary High Steward of Stratford-upon-Avon. His Grace succeeded his uncle, January 6, 1769, and in the year 1790 married Miss Arabella Diana Cope, daughter of the present Countess of Liverpool, by her first marriage with Sir Charles Cope; the surviving issue are, Lady Mary Sackville, born July 30, 1792; George Frederick, Earl of Middlesex, who succeeds to the title and estates, born November 15, 1793, and Lady Elizabeth Sackville, born August 9, 1795. The late Duke filled the office of ambassador to France at the revolution; on his return he was invested with the Order of the Garter, made Lord Steward of his Majesty's household, and Lord Lieutenant of the county of Kent; which last situation he retained till within a short period of his demise, being succeeded by Lord Romney. A blue ribbon becomes vacant by the death of his Grace.

—STOCKS—	
Bank Stock 169 1/2	India Stock 19 1/2
4 per cent. cons. 82 1/2	Long Ann. 19 1/2
5 per cent. cons. 82 1/2	Short ditto 19 1/2
6 per cent. cons. 82 1/2	Lot. Tick. 19 1/2
7 per cent. cons. 82 1/2	Trib. ditto 19 1/2
London 11 1/2	12 1/2
This day, (July 21) at twelve o'clock,	
3 per cent. cons. 82 1/2	
Exchanges on Dublin 11	

## Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH—JULY 25.

The Hamburg mail due on Sunday has not yet arrived, so that we are without any further accounts from the Continent, if we except the Gazette account of the action which took place on the 3d instant, in the canton of Schwyz, and which turned out less favourable for the republicans than Massena's account in the last French papers had stated.

The Emperor Paul has entered into a negotiation with the Court of Stockholm, for an auxiliary Swedish force of 8000 men and eight ships of the line, which is reported to have been promised.

By a letter from on board the Venus frigate, arrived at Portsmouth, from Lisbon, we are given to understand that the French and Spanish fleets have actually passed the Gut of Gibraltar. This report was current, and apprehensions were still entertained that they still meant to direct their attack upon Ireland. We cannot believe that there is any foundation for this opinion.

The fleets, if they are come through the Gut, which we still doubt, can have no troops on board, with which to make any impression on Ireland, and they have permitted the season to pass, when they could have effected any thing in that kingdom by a coup de main. It is more probable, that alarmed by the rumour of the formidable expedition preparing in England, they are returned to guard their own shores. From being the assailants, they are become the assailed.

Paris papers to the 14th inst. have been received. They contain some very interesting intelligence relative to the internal situation of France, particularly that which relates to the capital. Several political societies have been established there, which very much agitate the public mind. For particulars see the foregoing columns.

The French accounts of the combined fleets extend to the 24th of June, two days later than our own intelligence, and state they failed from Carthage on that day for Cadiz, and that they hoped to deceive the vigilance of our fleets and the forelight of our minister, in passing the Straights of Gibraltar. The same journals mention, however, what our readers will be glad to learn, that three large ships with 12,000 men on board from Malta and Egypt, have been taken by the English near Toulon.

The most extraordinary part of the contents of the Paris papers is an article which intimates that the ruling faction are negotiating with the King of Prussia, and through him with the allies, to reform a Constitutional King. This article is countenanced by another, dated Vienna, 14th Melior, July 2, which says, "a Prussian courier, the third in a few days, has arrived here on affairs of importance. There is a report of assembling all the Ministers of the belligerent powers at Rastadt, to agree upon propositions to be made to France, and to adopt a declaration to be issued before a soldier enters her territory."

The following is taken from the *Mercur de l'Europe*, July 10:—"Some days ago, Field Marshal Suwarow wrote the following laconic letter to a Russian General under his command:—"If the excesses among your corps do not cease, I shall have you shot!"

The Baltic fleet arrived in Leith Roads this morning after ten days passage.

**—MARRIED—**

At Glasgow, on Monday last, Mr. GAVIN SKEEL, merchant in Glasgow, to Miss SUSANNAH MUIR, daughter of the late William Muir, Esq. Surveyor of Taxes.

At Bombay, in December last, ROBERT STEWART, Esq. Surgeon, in the Hon. East India Company's service, to Miss FREDERICK, daughter to the late Colonel Frederick, of the same service.

At Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 24th inst. the Rev. Dr. DAVID LAMONT of Inverness, Minister of Kirkpatrick-Durham, to Miss ANNE ANDERSON, eldest daughter of David Anderson, Esq. Examiner of his Majesty's Customs for Scotland.

**—DIED—**

At Edinburgh, the 22d inst. HUGH MITCHELL, Esq. late Surgeon in Jamaica.

At Canonmills, the 16th, Mrs. MARY GORDON, spouse of Mr. James Huie, supervisor of Excise.

On Tuesday last, suddenly, RICHARD BROOKE, Esq. first Lieutenant-Colonel of the 3d regiment of dragoon guards.

At Colfield, on Thursday the 18th current, PETER ROSE WATSON, Esq. of Westerton.

On Thursday the 18th of this month, at her house in Ross-shire, in the 92d year of her age, Mrs. MUNRO, mother to General Sir Hector Munro, of Novar, K. B. much regretted by her family, relations, and friends.

At Perth, on the 14th inst. Mr. DAVID YOUNG, late cooper-smith and farmer there.

At Inskiping, Cambridgeshire, aged 42 years, on Friday evening, the unfortunate ELIZ. WOODCOCK, who was buried in the snow, in February last, eight days and eight nights. She has survived that accident just five months.

Lately at Lisbon, where he had been for the recovery of his health, Captain JOHNSTON GRANT, of the 15th regiment of foot, and third son of the late Sir Archibald Grant, Bart. of Monymusk.

**NEW CORN ACT.**

Whereas by an act, made in the 31st year of his present Majesty, it was enacted, That, for better ascertaining the prices of corn and out-meal for the purposes in the said act mentioned, that the several counties of Scotland should be divided into districts; and that the counties of Fife, Kinross, Clackmannan, Stirling, Linlithgow, Edinburgh, Haddington, Berwick, Roxburgh, Selkirk and Peebles, should be the Thirteenth district; and another act was made in the 31st year of his present Majesty to amend the same; and whereas it is found expedient that the county of Edinburgh should be divided into the aforesaid Thirteenth district, and be erected into a district by itself; it is therefore enacted, that so much of the aforesaid act as relates to the county of Edinburgh with the other counties above mentioned shall be repealed; and the aforesaid counties shall continue the Thirteenth district. And it is further enacted, that the said county of Edinburgh shall for the purposes of the said acts, be deemed the Seventeenth district, and a district by itself; and that the monthly prices to be ascertained within the city of Edinburgh, and returned by his Majesty's Sheriff Depute in the way and manner prescribed by the aforesaid acts, shall regulate the importation and exportation of all kinds of corn, meal, and flour, with the duties and bounties thereon, and the carrying the same coastwise to and from the port of Leith, and creeks belonging thereto; and that all the rules and regulations contained in the aforesaid acts relative thereto, shall be applicable to the said Seventeenth district. This act shall continue in force until the 25th of March 1801.

A young lady who was passenger on board the Elizabeth from Leith to Shetland, lately captured, writes to her friend in Edinburgh thus:

**BERGEN—July 16.**

We were captured on the 28th June after passing the Pentland Frith. When the privateer fired a gun to bring us to, she sent a boat full of men on board. When they came into the cabin they did not bring any arms with them, and the first Lieutenant, who spoke very good English, told us not to be alarmed, that we should be allowed to remain on board the prize and lose none of our private property. He then ordered all the seamen to go on board the privateer, and desired them to carry all their cloths with them, and not say afterwards they had been robbed by the French.

Before taking the Elizabeth, the privateer had taken a sloop loaded with salt, and another vessel from Leith; and after she left us she took a large brig with iron ore, which they scuttled and sunk after taking out the men; they afterwards took another sloop, and last of all a Greenlandman with 9 fish. The privateer is called the *Resolut*, and the Captain's name is FLOCKER. I asked him for my spinnet, he laughed, and said he could not give it, being in the hold, but otherwise he behaved very civil, as did ROBERT's prize master. One of our passengers was a minister going for Uster. When the Captain learnt he was a clergyman, he vowed he would send him on board the first ship he took, for he was sure he would be captured if he had a priest on board. The poor man was very nervous and sadly afraid. He told me he had insured his cloths for 100 and his life for 250. The Captain replied, that he would not give 250 for the best 25 priests in the country.

A day or two before we were taken, the *Resolut* saw a 46 gun ship at one time, and a frigate and a cutter at another, none of them, however, gave her the least trouble. After we were taken, an English frigate hove in sight, which very much alarmed the prize-master and crew, but the frigate did not seem in a humour for doing duty, and suffered us quietly to go into Bergen.

There are several prizes here which have been sent in by the American privateer.

We were taken on the 28th June, and arrived here on the 4th inst. The privateer arrived a day before us after a successful cruise. The lowest board here is 16s. per week.

One of the passengers on board the Providence arrived at Leith on Saturday from Bergen in Norway. The crews of the Providence, the Elizabeth, and the Greenland ship were all carried into Bergen, where the French privateer also arrived; most of the ships crews are since arrived at Aberdeen. The men on board the French privateer were terribly afraid when they first saw the Greenlandman, taking her for a British man of war; but when they perceived she had no guns, they recovered their courage, and took possession of her.

The same privateer had taken the *Martha*, CRANSTON, of Dundee, from Liverpool for the Frith of Forth, with salt, and many other Scots and English vessels, within a short period.

The Haddington Assembly is fixed for Tuesday next, the 30th July current.

We are informed, that the Annual Public Examination of the High School of this city is appointed by the Right Honourable the Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council, to take place on Tuesday the 13th day of August next.

The Hamburg fleet sailed on Monday from Leith Roads, but were put back on Tuesday by contrary winds.

By a letter from a cadet, passenger in the Rockingham Indianman, for Bombay, it appears, that vessel had a very quick passage, being fourteen days sooner there than the Melville Castle, which failed seven weeks before her. So few cadets have been sent out lately, that he was appointed an Ensign on his landing, and expects to be a Lieutenant. Great preparations were making for an attack on Tipoo's dominions, whose movements left no doubt of his hostile intention.

Lieutenant STEVENSON of the Victorious man of war was sent ashore in Tipoo's dominions, with a boat and seven men to water, and was suddenly surrounded by Tipoo's troops, who ordered him to the Fort. With wonderful address and presence of mind, aided by his knowledge of the Persian and French languages, he passed for a Frenchman, and was allowed to take his boat, and go by water to the fort; but guests the attentiveness of the natives, when they saw him prefer the way to the Victorious in place of that to Seringapatam dungeon.

A Naval Pillar is to be erected, in memory of our great victories at sea this war, which will cost 15,000l. The undertaking is conducted by public subscription, under the auspices of the Duke of Clarence. All the Royal Dukes and Cabinet Ministers have subscribed.

We are happy to announce the recapture of the *Fanny*, BRAINE, belonging to the Clyde, taken by the Bourdelais privateer.

JAMES ESKRINE of Cardross, Esq. has been pleased to present Mr. WILLIAM STIRLING, Preacher of the Gospel, to be assistant and successor to his father, present Minister of Port, in the Presbytery of Dunblane. At St. Boswell's Fair, on Thursday last, there was a pretty good show of black cattle, which sold well; sheep were in great numbers, but the sale was dull, though those that were sold went at high prices. The horse market was poorly supplied; the few of any tolerable figure that appeared brought pretty good prices, but for the majority, which were mean, there was a very indifferent sale. Linen of all kinds was bought up at exceedingly high prices, almost as soon as opened out.

PRICES OF WOOL IN ENGLAND.		
Sussex Down Fleeces,	17d.	18d. per lb.
Interior ditto,	16d.	17d.
Wiltshire,	14d.	15d.
Dorsetshire,	11d.	12d.
Norfolk and Welch,	16d.	17d.
Kent,	10d.	11d.

**CUPAR-FIFE—July 17.**

The 15th regiment of foot, commanded by Colonel MADDEN, which has been stationed here upwards of nine months, marched for Linlithgow on the 15th inst. The Magistrates feel themselves called upon, in this public manner, to give their testimony of the orderly behaviour of this regiment, which they ascribe to the exemplary conduct of Colonel MADDEN and the other officers; all of whom, though numerous, will, without one exception, be long remembered with respect and esteem by the inhabitants.

**DUBLIN—July 20.**

The claims of the persons who have suffered losses in their property in the county of Wexford, by the late rebellion, amount to 311,341l. 15s. 7d.

The claims of the persons who have suffered losses in their property in the county of Wicklow, amount to 129,078l. 14s. 9d.

The Rev. JOHN KEATING, D. D. has been appointed by his Majesty to the office of Provost of Trinity College, Dublin, in place of Dr. MURRAY, deceased; and Sir GEORGE SHER, Bart. is appointed Secretary to the Treasury, in place of Thomas Burgh, Esq. resigned.

**LONDON—July 16.**

On the 18th inst. the Brothers letter of marque, of Liverpool, Capt. REDMAN, bound for Jamaica, mounting 12 9-pounders, and 2 carronades, was captured 50 leagues west of Tory by a French privateer, coppered, mounting 22 guns, 12 12-pounders, and 10 36-pounders, after an action of two hours and twenty minutes. The privateer had 19 men killed and 30 wounded, the letter of marque only four men wounded.

This privateer has taken no less than 16 prizes off our coast in the course of a short time, among which were the *Fanny* of New York, for Greenock, and the *Sea Nymph* letter of marque belonging to Liverpool, commanded by SCOTT, in ballast, in company with the Brothers, mounting 18 carronades, but struck immediately.

The Captain of the privateer is a young man, and behaved very well to the prisoners. She has taken a revenue cutter belonging to Wexford, and after taking out the crew, sunk her; also a brig for Derry, and another for Letterkenny, with deals. Her practice is to run to shore in the morning and sea in the evening.

This intelligence has been communicated by DOUGAL McCULLUM, gunner's mate of the Brothers, whose cargo is estimated at 80,000l. About 80 men were put on board a Danish vessel, who arrived in our river on Sunday last. When they left the privateer she was steering W. by S.

**—ARRIVED AT LEITH—**

July 22. Swift, Seymour, from Exeter, pipe clay—Glasgow Packet, Hall, from London, goods—Nicholas, Wallace, from Aberdeen, ditto—Russell, Sutherland, from Montrose, ditto—Nelly, Scotland, from Perth, grain.

23. Nancy, Smith, from Lynn, grain—Eliza, Millar, from Warren, ditto—Two Brothers, Ritchie, from Newcastle, ditto—Bell and Ann, Abbey, from Dunbar, goods—James, Liddell, from Newcastle, ditto—Mary, Cowan, from Thurso, ditto—Friendship, Cleghorn, from Hamburg, ditto—Hope, Moor, from Libau, wheat.

24. Beady, Wilson, from Lissimouth, wheat—Janet, Wishart, from Wick, ditto—Britannia, Nisbet, from London, goods—Unity, Carter, from Stockton, ditto.

**—CLEARED OUT—**

24. John's, Hutton, for Hamburg—Bacchus, Duncan, for ditto—Dempster, Cochran, for ditto—Peggy and Brothers, Blues, for Berwick—Maria, Jamieson, for Glasgow—Ketty, Gill, for Aberdeen—Tweed Packet, Ord, for London—Glasgow Packet, Hall, for ditto, all with goods.

**SOUND INTELLIGENCE.**

**PASSED UPWARDS.**

July 7. Britannia, Patterson, from Liverpool to Riga, salt. Thetis, Rutherford, from Hamburg to Petersburg, ball. Shakespear, Evison, from Embden to ditto, ballast. Frau Anna, Rettel, from London to Memel, ditto. Nancy, Curdill, from ditto to Riga, ditto. Two Sisters, Millar, from Liverpool to Copenhagen, salt. Lark, Huddart, from Leith to Memel, ballast. Jeanie, Craigie, from London to Petersburg, ditto. Fortitude, Duncan, from Chatham to ditto, ditto. Betsy, Caithness, from London to ditto, ditto. Hope, Willis, from ditto to ditto, ditto. Earl of North Esk, Johnston, from ditto to ditto, ditto.

**ARRIVED DOWNWARDS.**

7. Jane, Grindley, from Pillau to London, wheat. Eliza, Mercer, from Königsberg to Kincardine, ditto. William and Mary, Haikins, from Dantsig to Leith, ditto. Favourite, Brand, from Petersburg to Dublin, sundries. 8. Erskine, Carron, from Memel to Alloa, timber. Elizabeth, Hogg, from Riga to Montrose, flax. Aurora, Ramsay, from ditto to ditto, ditto. Margarets, Ogilvie, from Königsberg to Dundee, wheat. Commerce, Martin, from Dantsig to Leith, wheat. Christian, Baird, from Memel to Grangemouth, ballast. Robert and Margaret, Gray, from ditto to Berwick, ditto. Christian, Hume, from ditto to Grangemouth, ditto. Janet, Jamieson, from Rostock to Leith, wheat. Good Intent, Barker, from Riga to Aberdeen, hemp. Antelope, Court, from Copenhagen to London, ballast.

On Sunday last the *Hermes* armed ship and a cutter, with about 60 sail from the North, and about 16 sail from Hamburg, which the *Rover* lugger saw safe into the Cattegat, arrived in the Sound, and to-day 24 sail arrived from London, under convoy of the Prince William and Selby armed ships. The *Eliza*, of Newburgh, from Gottenburg to Newburgh, is arrived in the Sound to join convoy. Wind westerly, moderate weather.

**ELINEVA, July 9.**

**—LONDON—**

**ENTERED INWARDS.**

July 20. Inverness, Good Intent, Garland—Dundee and Perth, Lady Stormont, Todd—Leith, Coldstream packet, Watson—Berwick, Three Brothers, Brown; Berwick Merchants, White.

**CLEARED OUTWARDS.**

20. Dumfries, William, Sharp—Leith, Ceres, Bruce; Leith packet, Scott—Aberdeen, packet, Freeman.

In the London market, wheat, oats, and barley have all fallen in price.

In consequence of the resolutions of the House of Commons, continuing, for another year, the bounties on the British White Herring, considerable preparations are now making in the Clyde for the fishery. On Thursday and Friday last, at the Custom-house of Greenock alone, the crews of 50 vessels were rendezvoused.

On Saturday, a considerable number of the North York Militia, now doing duty in the castle, volunteered their services into regiments of the line, for European service, in terms of the late act of Parliament. The English militia have on this occasion well supported their character. Of the Nottinghamshire regiment (quartered at Glasgow), 300 have turned out; of the Berkshire, about 400; Royal Buckinghamshire, 320; South Hants, 190; the West Suffolk and Angles-a regiments turned out almost to a man. The only backward corps we have heard of are the Cumberland and Northumberland; of the former only 17 turned out, of the latter none.

On Friday last the Strath-Endrick Gentlemen and Yeomanry Cavalry, commanded by Captain PETER SPEIRS, of Culcreuch, were inspected in a large park at Ballikrain, by Lieutenant-Colonel NICHOLSON, and though it was a heavy rain in the morning, there were 80 rank and file, besides officers, present. The military appearance of the corps (which was only formed a few months ago) was highly approved of by the inspecting officer, and gave great satisfaction to a most numerous assemblage of spectators.

**MAIDSTONE ASSIZES.**

Thursday PHILIP KEATING and JOHN KEGGAN were tried at Maidstone for the wilful murder of Col. PETER SHADEWELL, on the 1st of June last, at Wrotham.

Mr. KNOWLES opened the case on the part of the prosecution, and called the following witnesses:

JOHN SELF stated, that he was servant to Colonel Shadwell; that on 1st June he came with the Colonel in his carriage, from Levensham to Windham, where they stopped to refresh their horses; that the prisoners came up in regimentals; the Colonel said, well my lads, where do you come from? They said Maidstone. Where are you going to? They said London. What commanding officer did you see at Maidstone? They said Captain Nevil. The Colonel said, there was no such officer there, he supposed they meant Captain Skeen. They said yes, that was the name they meant. He then asked them to show their pass. The prisoner Keating said, come here, and we'll show you our pass. On that word the Colonel sprung forward, as the prisoners were endeavouring to go away, and had proceeded six or seven yards, and then the Colonel put his hand out and tried to catch hold of Keggan, when Keating wheeled round, took his pistol out, and shot the Colonel instantly, who had not got hold of Keggan. The Colonel turned himself round, and said, John, I am shot. He did not live above a minute; he had five wounds, and was shot through the heart. The prisoners made off, and they had each of them a pistol in their hands; they were overtaken by persons who pursued them about a quarter of a mile, when Keggan said, if any person came near them they would be shot; they then came from the fields into the road, and Gregory, one of the pursuers, who had a gun, told Keggan that unless he threw his pistol down, which he had presented three or four times, that he would shoot him; he threw his pistol down and surrendered himself, Keating would not surrender until Gregory fired at him and wounded him, when they rushed in upon him and secured him. JOHN HILLS, servant at the Bull, at Wrotham, where the Colonel stopped, deposed to the same effect with the above witness.

Lieutenant VERE WARD, of the 17th light dragoons, proved that the prisoners both deserted from that regiment on the 31st of May last.

The articles of war were read and also the mutiny act.

Keating in his defence said, that he absented himself from the regiment on the 30th of May, and not on the 31st, and that he did not commit the crime.

Keggan said nothing in his defence; he seemed very poorly, and was indulged with a chair during the trial. The Jury found Keating *GUILTY*, and Keggan *not GUILTY*. Judgment was immediately pronounced on Keating, to be executed on Saturday next.

Our Correspondent A. B. who refers to the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, would observe his hint partly anticipated by the advertisement from the Theatre on Monday.

**CORN EXCHANGE, LONDON, July 21.**

The supply of Wheat this day, though not very large, was more than adequate to the demand; the sale was consequently dull at from 1s. to 2s. per quarter declension, and many samples remain unsold.

Barley continues much as last noted. The demand being chiefly for gridding, the supply is sufficient thereto.

A pretty many Oats fresh in to-day, which, with a large arrival the latter end of the week, caused a heavy trade, and prices have declined 1s. per quarter.

Tick Beans continue as last noted, but small are 2s. per quarter dearer.

Grey and Boiling Pease are in much demand, at advancing prices.

English Wheat,		Male,	
44	68 0	43	45 0
Eden,	70 75 0	Fine,	46 0
Barley,	35 38 0	Oats,	—
Suifall,	36 6	Meal,	—
Fine Flour	58 60 0		

**EDINBURGH PRICES OF MEAL, July 21.**

Lothian Oatmeal, 205 bolls. South Country, —

Mid Lothian per lb. South Country per lb. Price per Peck.

First, 1 1/4 0 First, 1 0 0 First, 1 1/4 0

Second, 1 1/4 0 Second, 0 0 0 Second, 1 1/4 0

Third, 1 1/4 0 Third, 0 0 0 Third, 0 0 0

**BERKSHIRE PRICES OF GRAIN, July 20.**

Per boll of six Winchester bushels.

Wheat 48s 0d to 50s 0d Barley 23s 0d to 24s 0d

Beans 29s 0d to 30s 0d Oats 23s 0d to 24s 0d

**KELSO PRICES OF GRAIN, July 19.**

Wheat 48s 0d to 50s 0d Barley 28s 0d to 30s 0d

Pease 27s 0d to 29s 0d Oats 23s 0d to 24s 0d

Per boll of 6 Win. bushels. Per boll of 7 1/2 Win. bush.

**TO BE SOLD.**

By public roup, within the house of Mr. PATERSON, at Liberton Kirk, upon Wednesday the 7th of August next, between the hours of one and three afternoon.

ALL these HOUSES and GARDEN in the said Village of Liberton Kirk, the property of the deceased Mr. James Menzies. The Houses are in good repair; the garden is stocked with fruit trees, &c. there is a well in the garden; and the title deeds are perfectly clear. The whole is under lease till Candlemas and Whit Sunday next, for the yearly rent of 17l. 19s. and holds of a subject superior for a trifling feu duty.

The property, lying within two miles of Edinburgh, in a pleasant place of the country, would afford an excellent site for a dwelling-house to a genteel family.

Apply to Patrick Roach, bookbinder, Baron Grant's Close Netherbow, Edinburgh, who has power to make a private bargain.

Mr. Boog, wright at Liberton, will show the premises.



**SEQUESTERATIONS, &c.**  
Creditors of THOMAS MILNE, late Leather Merchant in Edinburgh, to see states of his affairs with the trustee till the 26th August, at noon, when they will meet in John's Coffee-house, to receive their dividends.  
— JOHN DUNN, Advocate in Aberdeen, to see states of his affairs with Arthur Dingwall Fordey, the trustee.— No dividend.  
Examination of HENRY COWAN, Dutcher and Cattle-dealer in Ayr, on the 2d August, at noon, in the Sheriff Court-house, Ayr.— Creditors to meet there on the 9th August, to consider on an offered composition.

**AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,**  
The Herwick Old Shipping Company's Smack, **BRITANNIA PACKET**,  
WILLIAM NISBET Master,  
Will take in goods till Saturday evening, and sail on Sunday at ten o'clock forenoon.  
Old Shipping Co's Office, Leith, July 25, 1799.

**AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,**  
The Union Shipping Company's Armed Smack, **ROXBURGH PACKET**,  
THOMAS TAYLOR Master,  
Will take in goods till to-morrow evening, at eight o'clock, when she will sail.  
Union Shipping Co's Office, Leith, July 25, 1799.

**FOR NEW YORK,**  
THE MERCURY OF KIRKCALDY,  
CAPTAIN JOHN MILLAR,  
An armed Ship,  
Will sail from Kirkcaldy by the 10th of August, for freight or passage apply to John Ferguson & Sons, Kirkcaldy.

**FOR NEW YORK,**  
THE SHIP FAIR AMERICAN,  
JOHN PROBERT Master,  
Now at Greenock, will be ready to take on board goods in a few days, and will be clear to sail by the 5th of August.  
The Fair American is a fine stout ship, and well armed, sails fast, and has excellent accommodation for passengers.  
For freight or passage apply to Alan Ker & Co. or the Master at Greenock; or to Wm. and Thos. Irvine, Glasgow.  
July 19, 1799.

**COUNTY OF FORFAR.**  
**FARMS TO BE LET.**  
To be let for nineteen years, and to be entered to immediately or at Martinmas first.  
**THE FARM OF HAUGHS OF KINNAIRD**, containing upwards of 235 acres of arable land, besides valuable pasture. This farm lies between Brechin and Montrose, the soil, situation, climate, access to market and manure, are what a tacksman should wish for. The dwelling-house and farm offices are good and commodious; a considerable quantity of land for fallow, with dung and new grass, will be entered to. Also, the FARM OF COLDCOATS, consisting of about 80 acres arable land, besides pasture and mair, lying between Brechin and Montrose.  
For particulars apply to Mr Greenhill, at Old Montrose by Montrose.

**FARM IN KINROSS-SHIRE.**  
To be let for 19 years, or such a term as can be agreed on, and entered to, either at Martinmas next, or at Martinmas 1800.  
**THE FARM OF WEST MAINS OF KIRKNESS**, lying in the parish of Portmahomack, presently possessed by William Goodair, and consisting of about 320 Scots acres, mostly of arable ground, now completely inclosed and fenced.  
On this farm a most substantial Steading and Offices have lately been built; and as the proprietor is anxious to introduce a better mode of husbandry, it will be found an object well worth the attention of expert farmers, particularly, as a considerable part of the lands consists of a dry soil, well adapted for Turnip Husbandry; and as there is plenty of lime at two miles, and coal within three miles distance of the lands.  
Henry Anderson at Kirkness will show the farm, and proposals, to be kept secret if desired, will be received by Mr Horsburgh at Cupar Fife, or Mr Henry Clephan, W. S. No. 63, Queen Street, Edinburgh.

**FARMS TO LET,**  
**IN THE COUNTIES OF FORFAR AND FIFE,**  
For such a number of years as may be agreed upon—entry at Martinmas 1799.  
I.—**THE MAINS OF MELGUND**, containing 323 acres or thereby, all inclosed and divided.  
II.—**MILL and MILL-LANDS OF MELGUND**, containing 72 acres or thereby.  
III.—**BALNACAKE**, containing 121 acres or thereby.  
IV.—**BLIBERHILL**, containing 136 acres or thereby.  
V.—**BLIBER**, containing 33 acres or thereby—all Scots measure.  
The above farms lie in the county of Angus, and parish of Aberlemno. The lands are of good soil, in good heart, and possessed by wealthy and industrious tenants; they are conveniently situated for markets, being in the neighbourhood of Brechin, and Forfar the county-town, where there is plenty of mair.  
VI.—**THE MILL and MILL-LANDS OF PITKARIN and SILVERTOWN**, containing 62 acres or thereby.  
VII.—**MOORSIDE, BRIDGEHILLS, and EASTER CRAIG-MEAD**, containing 92 acres or thereby.  
VIII.—**THE PENDICLES OF LITTLE SPITTLE and LONCHERHEAD**. These lands lie in the county of Fife, and parish of Auchtermearn.  
The mill is well supplied with water, would answer well for a bleachfield, and a tenant might have Moorside and Bridgehills added to the Mill-lands, as they bound with them. The lands are in the immediate neighbourhood of coal and lime, and capable of great improvement, at a moderate distance from Kirkcaldy, Kinghorn, and other towns on the sea coast, where a ready market is found for the produce.  
The farms in the county of Forfar will be shown by William Webster, baron-officer; and the farms in Fife by Thomas Barclay in Lochgelly. Offers in writing to be given in or before the 1st of August, to Mr Alexander Scott at Lochgelly, factor to the Right Hon. Lord Minto; and offers not accepted shall be kept secret.

**EXTENSIVE GRAZINGS, FARMS, &c.**  
To be let for such a number of years as may be agreed upon, and entered to at Whitsunday next.  
**SEVERAL GRAZINGS and FARMS** upon the Estate of **GREENCOUL**, PHILINBEG, GLENDOW, DIRREMORE and FORRESTS, &c.  
Which include almost the whole parish of Edrarchill.  
— **CAPE OF PARPH**, and other Lands. In the parish of Durness.  
— **LETTERMORE**, and other Lands. In the parish of Tongue.  
These lands are of great extent, and fine quality of grass.— They will maintain an immense number of sheep as well as black cattle, and merit the attention of those who wish to rear and deal extensively.  
Further information may be had by applying to Mr George Brown, at Linkwood by Elgin; Captain Kenneth Mackay, at Torbhall by Dornoch; or John Tait, jun. W. S. Edinburgh, who will receive offers and Capt. Mackay will give the necessary directions for seeing the lands.

**COUNTY OF SELKIRK.**  
To be sold by authority of the Court of Session, on Wednesday the 11th day of September next, between the hours of two and four o'clock afternoon, within the Parliament or Session House of Edinburgh.  
**THE LANDS OF OVER KIRKHOPE**, lying in the Parish of Etterick and Shire of Selkirk, holding of the Crown, and presently set at 150l. Sterling, on a lease current for eight years after Whitsunday last, and valued in the Cess Books at 531. 6s. 8d. Scots, so affords a freehold qualification to vote for a Member of Parliament.  
The purchaser will have right to the teinds, which are valued, and be free of the land tax which is redeemed.  
The title deeds, articles of roup, and lease of the lands, will be seen in the hands of John Hunter, W. S. to whom, or to George Rodger, writer in Selkirk, persons inclining to purchase, may apply for further information.  
The tenant of the lands will show them.

**THE SALE OF SILAW PARK** advertised for the 5th September next, is not to take place.

**ESTATE IN ROXBURGHSHIRE TO BE SOLD.**  
**THE LANDS OF WHITERIG**, lying in the parish of Bowden, consisting of about 102 capital arable acres, divided into inclosures by thriving hedges and plantations. There is a neat Mansion-house, and a convenient set of offices in the centre of the property; and it is remarkably well calculated for a small villa, or for the residence of a Gentleman who wishes to amuse himself with farming.—It is situated in a most desirable neighbourhood, being only two miles distant from Melrose, and ten from Jedburgh and Kelso, all good market towns, and scarcely half a mile from the great road from Edinburgh to Newcastle by Jedburgh.  
For particulars apply to Cornelius and James Elliot, writers to the signet.

**ESTATE OF CRAILING—ROXBURGHSHIRE.**  
THIS well-known, valuable, and compact ESTATE will be exposed to sale by public roup (unless previously disposed of by private bargain), in John's Coffee-house, Edinburgh, on Monday the 5th day of November, at six o'clock afternoon; if not then sold, it will afterwards be put up in lots. The present rent is 2127. 3s. One of the principal farms is now out of lease, and two more will be so in 1800, on which a considerable rise of rent may undoubtedly be expected. The Estate consists of 2196 acres, and there is a very considerable quantity of valuable and thriving wood of various kinds, some of which, particularly near the house, is very old and large.—The lands hold of the Crown, and are of sufficient valuation to afford twelve freehold qualifications; and being situated within three miles of Jedburgh and six of Kelso, possess great convenience for markets, &c. The great post-roads from Kelso to Jedburgh and Hawick run through it, middle of the lands. A considerable part of the purchase money may remain in the hands of the purchaser.  
For further particulars application may be made at the proprietor at Cragling House, by Jedburgh, or to Robert Trotter, Esq. writer to the signet, Edinburgh, in whose hands the title-deeds, rental, plan, and measurements may be seen. The gardener at Cragling House will show the lands and boundaries.

**SALE OF LANDS IN BERWICKSHIRE.**  
To be sold by public roup,  
**THE LANDS OF BROOMDYKES**, presently possessed by Mr Peter Trotter, and lying within the parish of Edrom. These lands are beautifully situated upon the banks of the Whitadder, and consist of 1016 acres English measure, or thereby, besides the ground which is taken up in plantations and belts, which is considerable.—They hold of the Crown, and lie about five miles from the town of Dunfermline.  
The premises are all inclosed and subdivided, and are under lease for payment of 560l. Sterling of rent; but, at the end of the lease, a very great rise of rent will certainly take place.  
The day of roup, and the lots into which the lands are proposed to be exposed to sale, will be afterwards advertised, in case a sale by private bargain does not take place.  
Andrew Paxton at Allanbank-house will show the lands; and for further particulars, apply to Mr Robert Trotter, W. S. George's Square, Edinburgh, with whom a plan of the lands is lodged.

**LANDS IN ABERDEENSHIRE.**  
To be sold by public roup, (if not previously disposed of by private bargain), on Friday the 1st day of October next, within the New Inn of Aberdeen, between the hours of five and six P.M.

**THE LANDS AND BARONY OF LENTURK**, lying in the parish of Lethnot, and the Lands of TILLYFOUR, in the parish of Lethnot, and the Lands of KINGSFORD, in the parish of Allford, all in the County of Aberdeen.  
These lands consist of upwards of 1600 acres, besides the right of pasture and property, which the Lands of Tillyfour have on the undivided Common of the Red Hill, which plentifully supplies the whole Lands with moss, are at present very low rented, and either out of lease, or will be so in a very few years, unless two farms on Lenturk; and are capable of great improvement.  
The Lands of Lenturk and Kingsford hold of the Crown.—The former affording a freehold qualification, as a Forty Shilling Land of Old Extent, is valued at 360l. Scots, and the latter at 431. 16s. 9d. Scots. The Lands of Tillyfour hold of a subject superior, for payment of elusory feu-duty, and are valued at 135l. 6s. 8d. Scots.  
The proprietor has a right to the teinds of the whole, which are valued, and nearly exhausted.  
There is a very thriving plantation on the Lands of Tillyfour, consisting of about 20 acres, already fit for most country purposes.  
These Lands will be sold together or separately, as purchasers incline. Separate plans thereof are in the hands of Francis Garden, advocate in Aberdeen, to whom, or Geo. Stewart, W. S. Edinburgh, application may be made for further particulars; and Robert Brownie, at Bridgend of Knockando, will show the marches.

**LANDS IN ROXBURGHSHIRE FOR SALE.**  
To be sold by public roup, under the authority of the Court of Session, within the Ordinary Session House of Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 4th September 1799, at one o'clock afternoon, in presence of the Sheriff-depute of Edinburgh, or his Substitute.  
**THE LANDS OF HASSEDEAN-BANK, COCKER-HEUGH, and LADYLANDS**, with that Part of Hassendean Common allotted to Hassendean, lying within the parish of Minto, and sheriffdom of Roxburgh, all possessed by Andrew Bruce, on a lease for twenty-one years, ending in 1816.  
The yearly rent, including conversion of carriages, and interest of money laid out on inclosures, is L. 278 1 4  
Deduct stipends to Ministers of Robertson and Minto, L. 14 2 7 1/2  
Schoolmaster of Minto's salary, 1 1 9 1/2  
Remains of nett rent, L. 262 16 11

**II.—KIRKLANDS OF LILLIESLEAF**, with the Teinds and Pertinents, lying within the parish of Lilliesleaf, and sheriffdom of Roxburgh, possessed by Andrew Thomson, on a lease for twenty-one years, ending in 1816. The yearly rent is 30l. 5s. 6d.

**III.—THE TEIND YARD** in the town and parish of Lilliesleaf, possessed by John Cochrane, at the rent of 14s.  
These lands hold of the Crown, for payment of small feu-duties.  
The articles of roup and title-deeds will be shown by Mess Dundas and Robertson, clerks to the signet.

**SALE OF LANDS IN ROXBURGHSHIRE.**  
To be sold by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, on Monday the 18th November 1799, between the hours of two and three afternoon.  
**THE LANDS AND ESTATE OF ORCHARD**, in the parish of Cavers, and part of the LANDS OF WEENSLAND and WEENSLAND MILL, in the parish of Hawick. These lands lie contiguous, and form together a compact estate, situated in a plentiful country, bounded on the north by the river Tweed, and on the west by the inclosures of the town of Hawick, a good market town, in which several flourishing manufactures are established. The turnpike road from Carlisle to Berwick, by Hawick and Kelso, runs through the north part of the estate, and the turnpike road from Edinburgh to Newcastle, by Selkirk and Hawick, runs along the east side of it.  
There is on the estate a genteel modern built Mansion-house, Stables, and other offices, a Garden well stocked with fruit trees; also several stripes and clumps of planting, in a thriving condition. The whole estate is inclosed, well watered, and in excellent order, and is situated in the immediate vicinity of an unexhausted fund of mair, to which there is easy access by good roads.  
The present free rent payable by a few substantial tenants, (putting a moderate valuation on the lands in the natural possession of the proprietor, on which is lately built a small neat house, called Orchard Cottage, with suitable offices,) is about five hundred and twenty-five pounds Sterling.  
Such as incline to purchase, may apply to William Keith, Accountant, Edinburgh; William Balderston, W. S. or Mr Usher, at Crowhill, near Hawick. Mr Balderston will show rental, title-deeds, and articles of roup; and an inventory of the title-deeds, a copy of the rental, and a plan of the estate may be seen by applying to Mr Usher.  
The Proprietor, or his servants, will show the Mansion-house and grounds.  
Mr Keith is empowered to sell by private bargain, and will receive offers betwixt and the day of sale.

**LANDS IN PERTSHIRE.**  
To be sold by Private Bargain,  
**THE LANDS AND ESTATE OF KINCARDINE**, with the Extensive Woods thereof, and a croft in the burgh of Auchtermear, lying in the parish of Blackford and Auchtermear, and shire of Perth, half-way between Perth and Stirling.  
The Lands, which have been lately surveyed, are upwards of 11000 acres in extent, and are capable of very great improvement at a moderate expence. There are excellent situations for a mansion-house, and great scope for laying out pleasure grounds.  
The Lands afford a Freehold Qualification.  
The present rental is upwards of 420l. and  
The Leases expire at Whitsunday 1802, except one which expires in the 1809, after which a great rise of rent is expected.  
The survey and report, and also the rental and title-deeds, are in the hands of Mr Campbell, St. James's Square.

**LANDS AND SUPERIORITIES**  
**IN THE COUNTIES OF LINLITHGOW, EDINBURGH, AND LANARK.**  
To be sold by Private Bargain,  
**LOT I.—THE LANDS AND ESTATE OF EASTER BREICH**, lying in the parish of Livingstone, and county of Linlithgow, amounting to about 841 Scots acres, all inclosed, and to about 314l. 15s. Sterling of yearly rent, and affording a Freehold Qualification, as formerly advertised.  
**LOT II.—The Lands of BREICH MILL**, with the Astricted Mulrures and Sequels, and Part of SOUTHFIELD OF CLEUGH-HEAD, lying in the parish of West Calder, and county of Edinburgh, and adjoining to lot 1st, consisting of about 132 acres, and paying of yearly rent 451. Sterling, 30 bolls meal, and 48 kain hens, exclusive of the coal, which is let at 30l. Sterling. These lands were not formerly advertised, and will be sold in one or two lots, to be held feu or blench of the disposer.  
**LOT III.—The Lands and Estate of WHITBURN**, with the Mill, Mulrures, &c. lying in the parish of Whitburn, and county of Linlithgow, consisting of about 531 acres, all inclosed.—Yearly rent and feu-duties about 339l. Sterling, and affording a Freehold Qualification.  
If these lands are not sold together, they will be sold in three different sub-lots, either to be held of the disposer, or of the Crown, and as much Superiority Lands added as will give a Freehold Qualification to each, all as formerly advertised.  
Also to be sold,  
**Two FREEHOLD QUALIFICATIONS** in the County of Lanark.  
The tenants will shew the lands; and for particulars application may be made to James Gray, writer, Buccleugh Place, Edinburgh.

**SALE OF LANDS AND SUPERIORITIES**  
In the County of Dumfries.  
There will be exposed to sale by public roup, within the house of Mrs Pickart, at Annan, on the 20th day of September next, between the hours of 12 and 4 o'clock afternoon.  
**I. The Ten Pound Land of STAPLETON and Teinds** thereof, lying in the Parish of Dornock, about two miles distant from Annan. The extent is about 850 Scots acres: it lies compact and has a fine exposure. A great part of the lands is of excellent quality, and the whole very improvable. The present leases, of which there are nine years to run, were let when the lands were entirely open. March fences have now been made, and good farm houses built.  
The present rent is 353l. 15s. but at the end of the leases a great rise may be expected.  
The lands of Stapleton hold of the Crown, and by an old retour they are proved to be a ten pound land of old extent, and consequently afford a freehold qualification. They are valued in the cess-books at 490 merks.  
**II. The Ten Pound Land of ANNAN**, and the Lands of SEAFIELD and WALS, with the Rights of Fishing in the Solway Frith, belonging to them.  
The Lands of Seafield and Fishings, as presently possessed by six tenants, (and the leases of which have expired), will be sold in one lot, and the Lands of Walls and Fishings, the lease of which has likewise expired, will be sold in another lot.  
The Ten Pound Land of Annan is at present let for 144l. 17s. in several different lots or divisions, the current leases of which, for the most part have four years yet to run; and they will be exposed to sale in the different lots as they are now separately possessed. They are in general substantially inclosed.  
**III. The following FEU DUTIES of Lands and Houses** in and about the town of Annan, viz.  

	FEU DUTY.
The Lands of Monacles Close,	L. 2 12 9
The Houses possessed by James Elliot	2 15 0
The Houses possessed by the late George Palmer	5 0 0
Houses possessed by William Stewart's Dispones	5 0 0
Houses possessed by the said William Stewart's Dispones,	1 0 0
Other Houses possessed by the said William Stewart's Dispones,	2 0 0
Lands, &c. possessed by John Little	3 7 4
House and Yard possessed by John Oliver,	1 15 0

**IV. Also the SUPERIORITIES of the following Lands and**  

	FEU DUTY.
Feu Duties payable for the same, viz. Robgill, Broadie, and Blackyett, in the Parish of Dornock.	L. 13 13 4

**These give a freehold qualification on the old extent.**  

Dunninghill, in the Parish of Cummermerres,	0 1 14 12
Mosknow and Righeds in the Parish of Kirkpatrick Fleming,	1 2 2 8 12
Steelhill, Herdhill, or Headhill, ditto,	0 4 1 8 12
Todhill Muir in the Parish of Lochmaben,	4 14 5 4 12
Northfield, Hardriggs, Gullylands, in the Parish of Annan,	0 6 8

**The lands will be shown by the different tenants, and for further particulars application may be made to William Stewart at Hillside near Lockerbie, Mr Keith, accountant in Edinburgh; or Mr Craufurd Tait, writer to the signet, Edinburgh. The articles of roup, title deeds, and plans of the lands will be shown by Mr Tait.**

**SALE OF LANDS IN BERWICKSHIRE,**  
By Private Bargain.  
**THOSE PARTS OF THE LANDS AND ESTATE OF WHITOMHILL**, lying within the united parishes of Whitom and Hilton, consisting of the Farms of Deadrigh and Cartrig, Whitom Vauls, with the Small Possessions of Hurdies Hill and Claypotts, all presently possessed by John Hogarth; the Farm of Whitomhill possessed by William Mason; and the Lands called Easter Whitom, possessed by David Jeffrey.

These Lands consist of 621 acres, and amount of yearly rent to the sum of 545l. 13s. 6d. and will rise very considerably upon the expiry of the present leases, some of which have only a few years to run; and all the leases contain proper restrictions as to the management of the Farms.  
The whole of the above Lands, excepting some small penicles in the town of Whitom, hold of the Crown; and it is supposed that, upon a division of the valued rent, there will be sufficient for three freehold qualifications.  
The Stipend and School Salary amount to 91. 10s. 6d. and there is an obligation from the heirs of Sir David Dalrymple of Hailles to relieve all the Lands of any future augmentation of stipend, except the small penicles in Whitom.  
For further particulars application may be made to Mr Alexander Low at Woodend, by Dunse, who has full power to conclude a private bargain.

**PORT SETON HOUSE IN EAST LOTHIAN TO LET.**  
To be let, unfurnished, for four or more years as can be agreed upon, and entered to immediately.  
**THE SAID HOUSE OF PORT-SETON**, consisting of a large kitchen, with a water-pipe and scullery, housekeeper's room and lobby off the same, dining-room and drawing-room, with closets off both, four bed-rooms, and closets off the same, one of which is a bed-chamber, garrets fitted up with beds for servants, a large cellar fitted up with catcombs, milk-house, hen-house, washing-house, coach-house, and stable with hay-loft and byre.—Also about 3 rods of ground round the house, well inclosed with stone and lime dyke. The tenant to pay all the taxes.  
The house lies about nine miles from Edinburgh, about seven from Haddington, one from Tranent, and one from Prestonpans; from which last town a stage coach goes to Edinburgh, and returns every lawful day, and there are good markets in the immediate neighbourhood of the place.  
The tenant may be accommodated with one or two grass parks contiguous to the house.  
Also to be let for four or more years,  
**THE HARBOUR-DUES OF PORT-SETON.**  
For further particulars apply to James Mitchell, factor to the Earl of Wemyss, at Haddington.

To be sold by public voluntary roup, (if not previously disposed of by private bargain,) within the Royal Exchange Coffee-house in Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 17th day of December next, betwixt the hours of two and three in the afternoon.  
**THE LANDS AND ESTATE OF KIRKMICHAEL**, with the Village thereof, and certain other Lands and Superriorities within the parish of Kirkmichael, and county of Perth, belonging to William Farquharson, Esq. of Monaltrie.  
These lands and superiorities afford a Freehold Qualification in the county of Perth. They are of considerable extent, and capable of great improvement. The rental is about 300l. Sterling per annum, and the teinds are valued and exhausted.  
For further particulars application may be made to the proprietor at Balmoral, by Kincardine-on-For, or to Charles Mackintosh, W. S. who will show the progress of writs, rental, and articles of roup, &c.—Offers for a sale by private bargain will be received by the proprietor, or the said Charles Mackintosh, before the day of roup.  
N.B.—The greatest part of the price may, (if agreeable to the purchaser,) remain in his hands for some years.

**LANDS OF SATURHILL, &c.**  
To be sold by Private Bargain.  
**THESE PARTS AND PORTIONS OF THE LANDS OF STRATH** called SATURHILL and KILMARRIDGE, lying in the parish of Torphichen, and county of Linlithgow.—Yearly rent 91. 9s.—Henry Dinnair, the tenant, will show the lands. The progress of writs is in the hands of R. Dick, writer in Edinburgh, who has power to sell, and to whom application may be made for other particulars.

**LANDS IN BERWICKSHIRE TO BE SOLD.**  
**THE ESTATE OF LONGFORMACUS**, in the parish of Longformacus, and shire of Berwick, consisting of 2200 acres, more or less, along with the Patronage of the Parish Church. The present rent is near L. 1000, L. 400 of which is produced from inclosures in grass let from year to year; a considerable portion of them has been in pasture these 60 years; a remainder has been laid down in excellent condition, and great part of them bounded with young and thriving plantations, the extent of 105 acres. The old wood is of considerable value. The Mansion-house is equal to most in Berwickshire, with a large Garden, Orchard, and Pigeon-house, Ice-house, and Rabbit Warren, and commodious Offices of every kind. It is pleasantly situated on the River Dye, which runs through the lawn, and bounds with excellent trout; in a sporting country, where there is plenty of mair game; six miles from the market town of Dunfermline. The land tax is about to be redeemed by the present proprietor, after which there will remain only L. 15 of public burdens on the whole property. All the lands hold of the Crown (excepting one small farm, which holds of a subject superior), and the valuation is more than sufficient for a freehold qualification.  
The lands in grass to be let at Martinmas, in one, two, or three farms.  
For particulars apply to Mr Low, at Woodend, near Dunfermline; or Matthew Sandilands, W. S. Edinburgh.

**LANDS AND DISTILLERY FOR SALE.**  
To be sold by public roup, within the house of George Turner, vintner in Falkirk, on Monday the 9th September next, betwixt the hours of one and three o'clock afternoon.  
**THE LANDS, MANSION-HOUSE, OFFICES, MALT, TINGS, and DISTILLERY OF UNDERWOOD**, lying close upon the banks of the great canal betwixt Forth and Clyde, within the parish of Falkirk, and county of Stirling.  
The Lands are all inclosed and subdivided, contain nearly 150 Scots acres, about 100 are arable, and the remainder were planted a good many years ago, and the plantations are thriving. The Mansion-house is modern and commodious; stables, byres, and other offices, newly built, are attached to it, and the ground around it is garden and shrubbery beautifully laid out.  
The Maltings, two in number, are upon the largest scales, and the grain is brought by water to the very doors of the barns.  
The Distillery-houses, cellars, and feeding-byres are also extensive and conveniently laid out. The Distillery has an abundant supply of good water, which falling in at the very top of the mash-house, and from thence descending through the other works, is a great saving of manual labour and expence; and by the canal the manufactured produce can at once be shipped to any part of the world.  
In short, a situation so central, lying nearly half way betwixt Edinburgh and Glasgow, and uniting so many real advantages for carrying on a manufactory of any kind, is not to be found any where else.  
The premises will be shown by Mrs Colquhoun, the tenant, at Underwood; and Messrs. Alexander Littlejohn, or James Chrystal, writers in Stirling, will inform as to other particulars, and who will be ready to treat with those inclining to a private bargain.  
18th July, 1799.

**FIFE, PARISH OF ST ANDREWS.**  
Farms to let for 19 years, or such term as may be agreed on, **THE FARM OF CLATTO**, as presently possessed by Robert Low, Esq. Entry Michaelmas 1800.  
The Farm of TONGUES OF CLATTO, as presently possessed by James Grieve. Entry Michaelmas 1801.  
There is in this last farm such a command of running and spring water, as is believed would make it an eligible situation for a distillery, being within about a mile and a half of Drumcarron coal-hill, within about the same distance of the river Eden, where sloops come to load and unload, as also within three miles of the harbour of St Andrews.  
N.B. These two Farms being contiguous, might be united into one with much advantage.  
Also the Farm of BONFIELD, as presently possessed by Thomas Wilson. Entry Michaelmas 1802.  
All these Farms lie close along the turnpike road from Dundee water-side, by the Guard Bridge to the south coast of Fife.  
The tenants will shew the farms, and for further particulars enquire at Mr John Dun at Mount Melville, to whom offers may be made, or if more agreeable, sealed offers may be delivered to him or to James Balfour, writer at Mr Gibson's, No. 15, York Place, Edinburgh, addressed to the proprietor John Whyte Melville, Esq. which will be concealed if desired.

**THE GENUINE DISTINGUISHED FROM COUNTERFEITS.**  
By the King's Patent.  
**MR R. JOHNSTON**, Apothecary, No. 15, Greek Street, Soho, aware of the depredations made on every Public Medicine of established reputation and extensive sale, respectfully informs the Nobility, Gentry, and Public, he has obtained the King's Patent for his Invention, not to recommend but to distinguish WHITEHEAD'S ESSENCE OF MUSTARD from spurious imitations.  
Five years have now elapsed since Mr Johnston first made known to the world this very extraordinary Medicine. During this short period its efficacy has been so clearly demonstrated that its sale has infinitely exceeded any former example. Comparatively, there are few families which have not heard of or experienced its beneficial effects; and with hearty satisfaction he has the happiness to declare, WHITEHEAD'S ESSENCE OF MUSTARD has cured more persons afflicted with Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Palsy, Complaints of the Stomach and other Painful Maladies, than all the medicines ever before made public. It has obtained the approbation of many eminent men of the Faculty, and honoured with the unsolicited support and recommendation of the first families in the kingdom.  
As the bottles, boxes, labels, and bills of direction of this original medicine are closely copied, and the words "By Royal Authority," artfully substituted for the words "By the King's Patent," it may elude common observation: Mr Johnston therefore recommends the afflicted to be particular in the purchase. Whitehead's Essence of Mustard, is prepared and sold, in Pills and in a fluid state, at 2s. 6d. each box or bottle, by the Inventor, R. Johnston, apothecary and chemist, No. 15, Greek Street, Soho, London. It is distinguished from counterfeits "By the King's Patent," and the signature "R. Johnston," in his own hand-writing, on each label; sold also by his appointee, by ANDREW SMITH, No. 38, North Bridge, Husband, Elder, and Co. R. Scott, apothecary, Wm. Raeburn, and T. Spence, Edinburgh; Phosor, Berwick; Allan, Dundee; Inglis and Dixon, Dumfries; McIntosh & Co. Inverness; Craigie, Montrose; Cave, Banff; Mitchell, Aberdeen; Menzies and McDonald, Glasgow.  
**CHILBLAINS.**  
N.B. The Fluid Essence immediately allays their tormenting itching, and will assuredly prevent them from breaking, even when turned quite black; and if used according to the directions, will absolutely cure them by three or four applications.